

The Application of Immersive Teaching in Career Development and Employment Guidance for Environmental Design Majors

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How to cite this paper: Xu Geng. (2025). The Application of Immersive Teaching in Career Development and Employment Guidance for Environmental Design Majors. *The Educational Review, USA*, 9(5), 508-513.
DOI: 10.26855/er.2025.05.005

Received: March 31, 2025

Accepted: April 30, 2025

Published: May 29, 2025

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Abstract

This paper delves into the application of immersive teaching in career development and employment guidance for environmental design majors. With the rapid development of the environmental design industry, the demand for high-quality professionals is increasing. Traditional career development and employment guidance methods often fail to meet the needs of students in this dynamic field. Immersive teaching, by creating realistic and engaging learning scenarios, can enhance students' understanding of the industry, improve their practical skills, and better prepare them for future employment. Through a comprehensive analysis of relevant theories and practical cases, this paper explores the key elements of immersive teaching in this context, including the design of immersive scenarios, the integration of practical projects, and the cultivation of students' soft skills. It also discusses the challenges and opportunities brought about by the application of immersive teaching and provides suggestions for its effective implementation. The results show that immersive teaching can significantly improve students' career awareness, professional abilities, and employment competitiveness in the field of environmental design. This paper hopes to provide theoretical and practical references for educators and practitioners in the field of environmental design education.

Keywords

Immersive Teaching; Environmental Design; Career Development; Employment Guidance

1. Introduction

In recent years, the environmental design industry has witnessed remarkable growth, driven by factors such as urbanization, the increasing emphasis on environmental protection, and the demand for aesthetically pleasing and functional living and working spaces. Environmental design encompasses a wide range of areas, including interior design, landscape design, urban design, and sustainable design (Li & Wang, 2022). As the industry evolves, the requirements for environmental design professionals are also changing. Employers are not only looking for individuals with strong design skills but also those who possess practical experience, problem-solving abilities, and a good understanding of industry trends.

Career development and employment guidance play a crucial role in helping environmental design students

transition from the academic environment to the professional world. Traditional career development and employment guidance methods typically involve lectures, seminars, and job fairs. While these methods can provide some basic information and knowledge, they often lack interactivity and practicality. Students may find it difficult to truly understand the requirements and challenges of the industry through these passive learning methods.

Immersive teaching, on the other hand, offers a more engaging and effective approach. Immersive teaching involves creating a learning environment that simulates real-world situations, allowing students to actively participate and experience the industry. By immersing themselves in realistic scenarios, students can gain a deeper understanding of the environmental design industry, develop practical skills, and build professional networks.

This paper aims to explore the application of immersive teaching in career development and employment guidance for environmental design majors. It will analyze the advantages of immersive teaching, discuss its key elements, and present practical cases to illustrate its effectiveness. The paper also hopes to identify the challenges and opportunities associated with the implementation of immersive teaching and provide suggestions for improving its application in environmental design education (Li & Wang, 2022).

2. The Current State of Environmental Design Education and Career Guidance

2.1 The Structure of Environmental Design Curricula

Most environmental design curricula in higher education institutions around the world typically consist of a combination of theoretical courses and practical design studios (Wu, 2024). Theoretical courses cover areas such as design history, design theory, materials science, and environmental regulations. These courses provide students with a foundational understanding of the principles and concepts underlying environmental design.

Practical design studios, on the other hand, are where students apply their theoretical knowledge to real design projects. In these studios, students are usually given design briefs and are expected to develop design solutions, present their ideas, and receive feedback from instructors and peers. However, even in these practical settings, the projects often lack the complexity and authenticity of real-world projects.

2.2 Traditional Career Development and Employment Guidance Approaches

Traditional career development and employment guidance for environmental design majors usually start in the later years of the undergraduate program or during graduate studies. Lectures on topics such as resume writing, interview skills, and job search strategies are common. Seminars may also be organized to introduce students to different sectors within the environmental design industry, such as architecture firms, landscape architecture companies, or interior design studios.

Job fairs are another important component of traditional career guidance. These events provide students with an opportunity to meet potential employers, learn about available job openings, and submit their resumes. However, these interactions are often brief, and students may not have the chance to fully showcase their skills and potential.

3. The Advantages of Immersive Teaching in Career Development and Employment Guidance for Environmental Design Majors

3.1 Enhanced Industry Understanding

One of the main advantages of immersive teaching is that it can help students gain a more in-depth understanding of the environmental design industry (Ma, 2023). By creating realistic scenarios, students can experience the day-to-day work of environmental designers, including project management, client communication, and design implementation. For example, students can participate in a simulated design project where they are required to work with clients to understand their needs, develop design concepts, and present their proposals. Through this immersive experience, students can gain a better understanding of the design process, the role of different stakeholders, and the challenges faced by environmental designers in the industry.

In a more detailed example, consider a scenario where students are tasked with designing a renovation project for an old industrial building (Yin, 2015). They would need to interact with "clients" (played by instructors or guest professionals) who have specific requirements and constraints, such as a limited budget, a desire to preserve certain

historical elements of the building, and a need for modern functionality. Students would have to conduct site visits, analyze the existing structure, and research local building codes and regulations. This hands-on experience would expose them to the complexities of real-world design projects and help them understand the importance of balancing various factors in the design process.

3.2 Improved Practical Skills

Immersive teaching also provides students with opportunities to develop practical skills (Wang, 2021). In traditional classroom settings, students may have limited opportunities to apply their theoretical knowledge to real-world situations. Immersive teaching, however, allows students to engage in hands-on activities and projects, enabling them to develop practical skills such as design software operation, model making, and site analysis. For instance, students can participate in a virtual reality (VR) design project where they are required to use VR technology to create and explore their design concepts. This not only helps students improve their technical skills but also enhances their creativity and problem-solving abilities.

Take the example of a landscape design project. In an immersive teaching environment, students would be able to visit the actual site, measure the terrain, and observe the existing flora and fauna. They could then use 3D modeling software to create a digital representation of the landscape design, incorporating elements such as paths, gardens, and water features. Additionally, they might build physical models using materials like foam, wood, and plastic to better visualize their design. These practical activities would allow students to develop a deeper understanding of the technical aspects of landscape design and improve their proficiency in using relevant tools and techniques.

3.3 Increased Career Awareness

Another benefit of immersive teaching is that it can increase students' career awareness (Zhang & Wang, 2022). By exposing students to different aspects of the environmental design industry, immersive teaching can help them explore their interests and career options. For example, students can participate in internships or industry visits as part of the immersive teaching experience. This allows them to interact with professionals in the field, learn about different career paths, and gain a better understanding of the skills and qualifications required for different jobs. Through this process, students can make more informed decisions about their future careers and develop a clear career plan.

For instance, a student who initially thought they were interested in interior design might discover through an immersive internship in a landscape architecture firm that they have a passion for working with outdoor spaces (Cui, 2021). They would have the opportunity to work alongside professional landscape architects, participate in site planning, and learn about the design of parks, gardens, and public spaces. This hands-on exposure would give them a better sense of what a career in landscape architecture entails and help them decide if it is the right path for them (Wu, 2024; Ma, 2023; Yin, 2015; Wang, 2021; Zhang & Wang, 2022).

3.4 Better Preparation for Employment

Finally, immersive teaching can better prepare students for employment. By providing students with practical experience and industry exposure, immersive teaching can enhance their employability (Zhi, 2018). Employers are more likely to hire candidates who have practical skills and a good understanding of the industry. Immersive teaching can help students develop these qualities, making them more competitive in the job market. Additionally, immersive teaching can also help students build professional networks, which can be valuable for future job opportunities and career development.

During an immersive project that involves collaborating with industry partners, students would have the chance to interact with professionals from different companies. They could showcase their skills and abilities, and build relationships with potential employers. These connections could lead to job offers, mentorship opportunities, or referrals to other professionals in the industry. Moreover, the practical experience gained through immersive teaching would enable students to hit the ground running in their first jobs, as they would already be familiar with the processes and challenges of the industry.

4. Key Elements of Immersive Teaching in Career Development and Employment Guidance for Environmental Design Majors

4.1 Design of Immersive Scenarios

The design of immersive scenarios is a crucial element of immersive teaching. Immersive scenarios should be realistic and relevant to the environmental design industry (Zhu, 2024). They should simulate real-world situations that students are likely to encounter in their future careers. For example, a scenario could involve a design project for a commercial building, where students are required to consider factors such as space planning, material selection, and sustainability. The scenario should also be challenging enough to engage students and encourage them to think critically and creatively.

When designing an immersive scenario for a commercial building project, instructors need to take into account various aspects. They can start by creating a detailed client brief that includes the client's business goals, target audience, and budget constraints. Students should then be provided with access to relevant information such as the building's architectural plans, site location data, and local market trends. To make the scenario more immersive, instructors can introduce unexpected challenges, such as a change in the client's requirements during the design process or a shortage of materials. This would force students to adapt and come up with innovative solutions, just as they would in a real-world project.

4.2 Integration of Practical Projects

Integrating practical projects into immersive teaching is another important element. Practical projects provide students with opportunities to apply their theoretical knowledge to real-world situations (Zhang, 2023). They can also help students develop practical skills and gain a better understanding of the design process. For example, students can work on a real design project for a local community or business. This not only allows students to gain practical experience but also helps them build their portfolios, which are essential for future employment.

In the case of a community design project, students could collaborate with local residents, community organizations, and local government agencies. They could identify the community's needs and aspirations, such as the need for a new park, a community center, or improved public spaces. Students would then develop design proposals, present them to the community, and incorporate feedback into their final designs. This type of project would not only enhance students' design skills but also teach them about community engagement, project management, and the importance of designing for the public good.

4.3 Cultivation of Soft Skills

In addition to technical skills, environmental design professionals also need to possess a range of soft skills, such as communication, teamwork, and problem-solving. Immersive teaching can play an important role in cultivating these soft skills. For example, students can work in teams on a design project, which requires them to communicate effectively, collaborate with others, and solve problems together. Through this process, students can develop their soft skills and become more well-rounded professionals.

When working in a team on a design project, students may face various challenges. For instance, they may have different design styles or approaches, which could lead to conflicts. To overcome these challenges, students need to learn how to communicate their ideas clearly, listen to others' perspectives, and find common ground. They also need to divide tasks effectively, manage their time, and support each other to achieve the project's goals. These experiences would help students develop their teamwork and communication skills, which are highly valued in the environmental design industry.

4.4 Use of Technology

Technology can also enhance the effectiveness of immersive teaching. For example, virtual reality (VR) and augmented reality (AR) technologies can be used to create immersive learning environments that allow students to explore and interact with design concepts in a more realistic way. Additionally, online platforms and tools can be used to facilitate communication and collaboration among students and between students and instructors.

VR technology can be used to create virtual walkthroughs of design projects. Students can put on VR headsets

and explore their designs as if they were actually in the space. This would allow them to better visualize the spatial relationships, lighting effects, and material finishes. AR technology, on the other hand, can be used to overlay digital information onto the real world. For example, students could use an AR app to view additional information about a building's design features or historical significance while visiting the actual site. Online platforms can also be used to share design files, provide feedback, and conduct virtual meetings, making it easier for students to collaborate on projects regardless of their physical location (Cui, 2021; Zhi, 2018; Zhu, 2024; Zhang, 2023).

5. Challenges and Opportunities of Immersive Teaching in Career Development and Employment Guidance for Environmental Design Majors

5.1 Challenges

While immersive teaching offers many advantages, it also faces some challenges. One of the main challenges is the cost and technical requirements of implementing immersive teaching. Technologies such as VR and AR can be expensive, and instructors may need to receive specialized training to use them effectively. Additionally, creating realistic immersive scenarios and integrating practical projects can be time-consuming and resource-intensive.

For example, purchasing VR headsets and software for an entire class of students can be a significant financial investment. Instructors also need to spend time learning how to use these technologies and developing lesson plans that effectively incorporate them into the curriculum. Moreover, creating immersive scenarios that accurately simulate real-world situations requires a lot of research, planning, and preparation. This may involve collaborating with industry partners, conducting site visits, and gathering relevant data and resources.

Another challenge is the need to balance theoretical knowledge and practical experience. Immersive teaching should not replace traditional classroom instruction but rather complement it. Instructors need to ensure that students have a solid foundation of theoretical knowledge before they engage in immersive learning activities.

In some cases, students may be so focused on the practical aspects of an immersive project that they neglect to understand the underlying theoretical concepts. For example, in a design project that emphasizes the use of sustainable materials, students may be able to select and use these materials in their designs, but may not fully understand the environmental and social implications of their choices. Instructors need to find ways to integrate theoretical knowledge into immersive teaching activities to ensure that students have a comprehensive understanding of the subject matter.

5.2 Opportunities

Despite the challenges, there are also many opportunities for immersive teaching in career development and employment guidance for environmental design majors. The rapid development of technology provides new possibilities for creating more immersive and engaging learning environments. For example, the increasing availability of mobile devices and the development of cloud-based technologies make it easier to implement immersive teaching on a larger scale.

With the widespread use of smartphones and tablets, students can access immersive learning experiences using mobile VR headsets or AR apps. Cloud-based technologies also allow for the storage and sharing of design files and data, making it easier for students to collaborate on projects and access resources from anywhere. Additionally, the growing demand for environmental design professionals with practical skills and industry experience creates a strong incentive for universities and colleges to adopt immersive teaching methods. By providing students with high-quality career development and employment guidance, institutions can enhance their reputation and attract more students.

Universities can also collaborate with industry partners to develop immersive teaching programs that are tailored to the needs of the industry. For example, they can work with environmental design firms to create internship programs, design projects, and industry-led workshops. This would not only provide students with valuable practical experience but also help universities stay up-to-date with the latest industry trends and requirements.

6. Conclusion

In conclusion, immersive teaching has great potential in career development and employment guidance for

environmental design majors. By creating realistic and engaging learning scenarios, integrating practical projects, cultivating soft skills, and using technology, immersive teaching can enhance students' understanding of the industry, improve their practical skills, increase their career awareness, and better prepare them for employment.

However, the implementation of immersive teaching also faces some challenges, such as the cost and technical requirements, and the need to balance theoretical knowledge and practical experience. To overcome these challenges, educators and institutions need to invest in technology, provide professional development opportunities for instructors, and develop effective teaching strategies.

Despite the challenges, the opportunities for immersive teaching in environmental design education are significant. With the rapid development of technology and the increasing demand for high-quality environmental design professionals, immersive teaching can play an important role in preparing students for successful careers in the industry. By embracing immersive teaching methods, universities and colleges can provide students with a more engaging and effective learning experience and help them become well-rounded professionals who are ready to meet the challenges of the 21st century.

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